

Review Article: Vitamin C Progress Apoptosis in Breast Cancer

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ABSTRACT

The cancer of breast is virulence in female and is curable in ~70–80% of patients. The vitamin type C is an essential vitamin and consider as an anti-oxidant, so this vitamin could recover the supply for oxygen, stopping the destroy of DNA and other impact necessary in cancer processing. The vitamin C indicate as an active anticancer as the concentricity were monitor in this cancer therapy. The concentricity of this vitamin has a main function in cancer-rising or cancer suppression. These studies have shown a relationship between the vitamin and increase death-rate of breast cancer, so it's important to detect the anticancer prospective of vitamin C to detect the different among its effect in healthy and damage cells, especially these studies conducted that this difference could depend on the vitamin c concentration. These studies indicate that large doses of vitamin c could decrease the effect of some cancer therapy such as radiation and chemotherapy.

Keywords- vitamin C, antioxidant, X-ray, breast cancer

I. INTRODUCTION

The breast cancer is a main cause of death in the world as well as it's the most common cancer in females [1]. Vitamin C is important in numerous processes as an assistant for enzymes implicated in related process and has main role in cancer diversion: antioxidant, duplication, and could regulate the expression of gene [2]. The apoptosis, or program of cell death, is the capability of a cell to self-destroy by activating an intrinsic cell murder program. Therefore, it is significant to understand the factors that influence the apoptosis [3]. The antioxidants (*e.g.*, vitamin C) could played a vital role in cancer-promotion. The reported conducted on this vitamin represent in different ways as anti and could consider pro-oxidant [4]. So, the concentration of vitamin C assembly present relationship between the vitamin absorption and the riskiness of cancer. It is necessary to elucidate the potency of the vitamin to clarify its ability of reacting with other subjects uses in treatment [5]. Therefore, this study investigates the anti-cancer efficiency of large-dose of this vitamin accomplished with other therapy of the cancer. The result of these study conducted about the metabolism of damage cells could have a main function in related influence of vitamin C [6]. many concentricity of VC has reverse activity on the immigration of cancer cells, for instance, the uses of this vitamin could be

accomplished with decline the hazardous of this cancer [7]. This study investigates that the large concentricity of vc could cause the damage of the cells [8]. Using the light microscopy, the dead of cells by apoptic programmed is raised with increase the dose of therapy [5]. As the cell become older or injury, they damage by apoptotic programmed and must replace with new cells. The cancer cells consider eternal as they resist the apoptosis [9] these cells are eliminated by chemotherapy through apoptosis and/or necrosis. Different characteristic of apoptotic programmed is seen in these cells included the chromatin condensation and the damage of cytoplasm [10]. The cancer cells could increase the resist to apoptotic programmed [11]. The weight of vitamin C in human were accomplished with depression of Fas produced apoptotic programmed also the membrane permeability of the mitochondria is increase [12]. Anticancer therapy considers adjective as it conjugates with many compounds, which could result in a negative therapeutic outcome [13]. High doses of V C could cause differences in the metabolism and genetic characteristic of cancer cells which induce the cell deaths [14] High doses of vitamin C could induce Reactive oxygen species (ROS) [6]. Vitamin C in oxidizing form is imparted and overflowing of vitamin C could lead ATP termination result in cell death [15]. DNA crush was induced in human breast cancer when treated the cancer with sulforaphane, for 96 h [16]. The apoptotic programmed of cells were noticed in different cells after treatment with many concentricity of extracted seed of *L. sativum* [17]. Therefore, vitamin c is accumulated in tumor cells more than normal cells via glucose transporters (GLUTs) [18]. So as farthest breast cancers ultimately improve resistance to therapies, the high-dose vitamin C will create a new strategy for resistance [19].

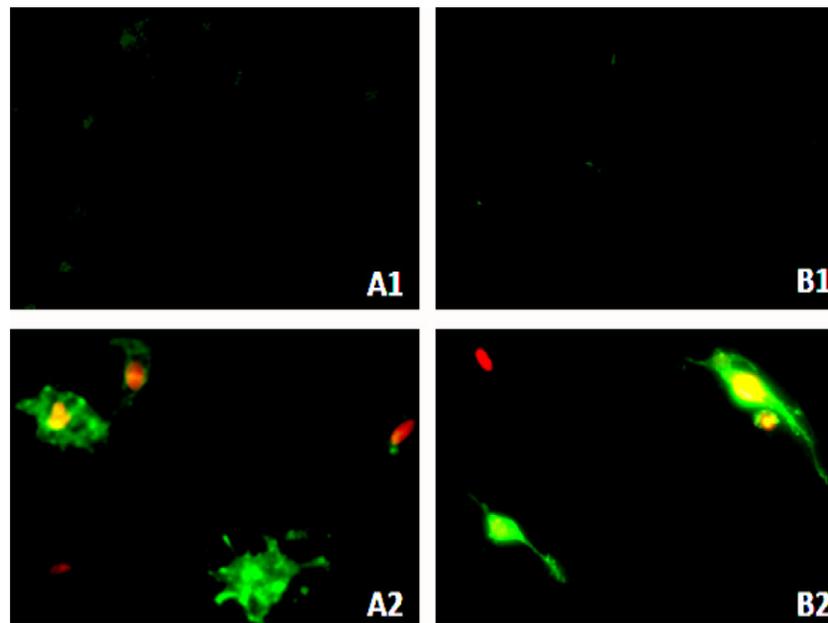


Figure 1: stain the cells with fluorescent

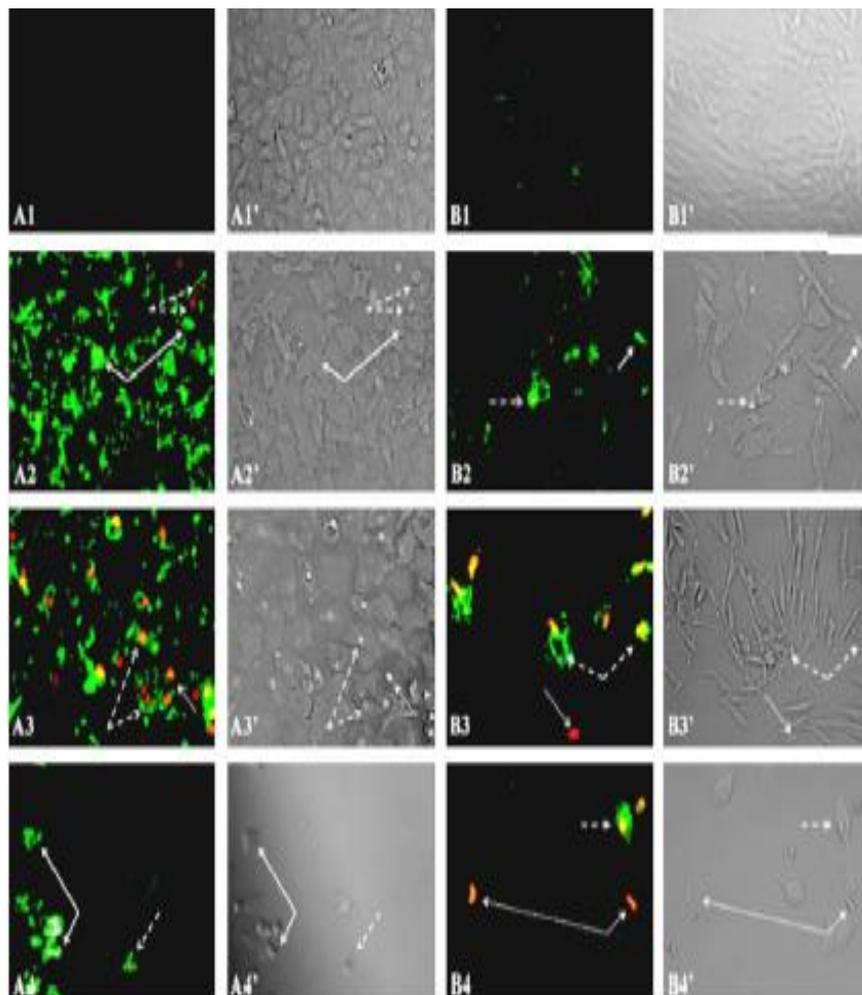


Figure 2: Shows the apoptosis in breast cancer

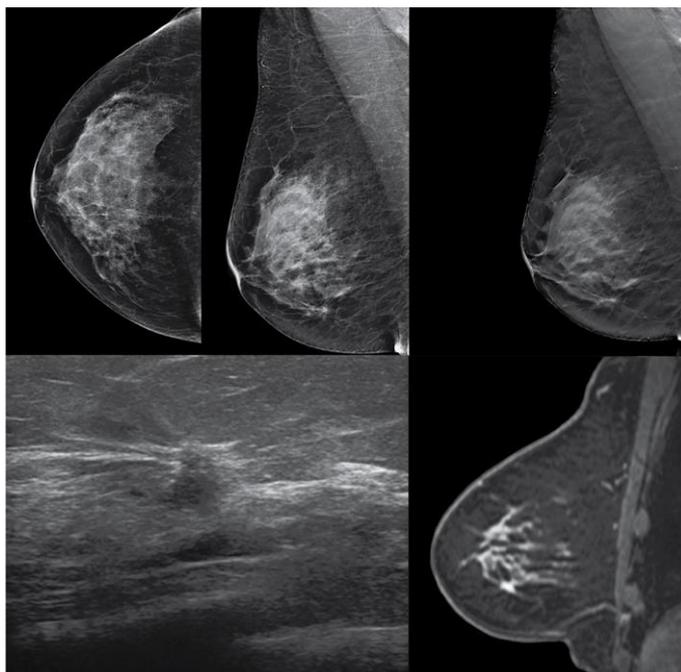


Figure 4: Shows the screening for breast cancer

VIII. THE REPORTING OF THE DISEASE

The uses of a standard report accomplished by a checklist is highly necessary for this disease, the report

must contain the details for the tumor (according to the WHO classified), the grade of histological, HER2, the mass of the tumor and the lymph node; the surgical of the specimen is uses to apply the information for the vessel's infestation (Box 1) [31].

Box 1 | The pathology report for breast cancer

- Histological type according to the current WHO classification [32]
- Histological grade according to the Elston- and Ellis- modified Scarff-Bloom-Richardson System [33]
- Peritumoral vascular or lymphatic embolia
- Hormone receptor status.
- Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2) status
- Excision margins (mm)a
- Tumour size, single or multiple tumours
- Ductal carcinoma in situ component type, grade and percentage
- Lymph node status
- Pathological stage according to the Union for International Cancer Control TNM
- Ki67 score according to the international group guidelinesb [34]

IX. CONCLUSION

Since Vitamin C could have a main function in provide attention in cancer patients. Its interest to examine the potency of vitamin C in reacting with many chemicals uses in cancer treatment, mostly when different drugs are considered as hematopoietic cancers. The administer of this therapy could facilitate the anti-cancer activity for the breast cancer cells related to the single agent. Therefore, the clinical test is wanted to

detect the effect of high dose of this vitamin in patients with breast cancer [35].

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